POPILLATION.

According to manuscript notes made by Captain Lons-

dale (afterwards the first Colonial Secretary of Victoria), Population of the first enumeration of the people of this State was made Victoria, 1836 within a year after the arrival of Batman (29th May, 1835) by an officer from Sydney, George Stewart, who came in the revenue cutter Prince George with orders from His Excellency Sir Richard Bourke to report upon the state of things in the new district. It was then found (25th May, 1836) that the band of first arrivals consisted of 142 males and 35 females, or, in all, 177 residents of European origin. This was the first official census of what was at that time known as Port Phillip. The settlers came from Tasmania The second enumeration was made on the and New South Wales 8th November of the same year (1836) by order of Captain Lonsdale, who on the 29th of the previous September arrived in H.M.S. Rattlesnake (Captain Hobson), which anchored in that part of the port now called Hobson's Bay. Captain Lonsdale had been appointed police magistrate, with instructions to take general charge of the district. the 5th October the Stirlingshire (brig) arrived with the remainder of the Government establishment, consisting of a detachment of Captain Lonsdale's regiment (the 4th), a principal officer of Customs, three surveyors, an officer in charge of commissariat stores, a small number of Crown prisoners for public service, and three constables. standing these additions to the population, the census of the following month showed an increase of 47 persons only-making a total of 224 persons (186 males and 38 females). The third census was taken nearly two years later, in September, 1838, when it was ascertained that the number of inhabitants had increased to 3,511. At the end of 1840 it was estimated that the Port Phillip district contained 10,291 persons. During each of the years 1840 and 1841 the population was doubled, owing principally to the number of assisted immigrants who arrived in the district, and good progress continued to be made to the end of 1850, when the community numbered 76,162 persons.

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The discovery of gold in 1851, however, was the greatest factor in populating Victoria. When the discoveries were announced diggers came in thousands from New South Wales, South Australia, and Tasmania, and later on crowds of emigrants from the United Kingdom and other European countries joined in the rush. America contributed its quota, even Californians leaving their own gold-bearing country to try their fortunes in Australia. Some idea of this influx may be gathered from the official figures, which show that the population numbered 463,135 at the end of 1857, or more than six times that of 1850. During the decade 1861 to 1870 the population increased by 188,752, all but 39,000 of which was due to the excess of births over deaths. In the next decennial period, 1871 to 1880, there was an increase of 133,468, but this would have been nearly 13,000 greater if the arrivals in had equalled the departures from the colony. Between 1881 and 1890 an addition of 273,000 was made to the population, about 112,000 being due to immigration. The latter portion of this decennium is known as the "boom period," when land values were highly inflated, wages and prices were exceptionally high, and expenditure by the Government and the people generally was conducted on a most lavish scale. The inevitable reaction followed, and this is reflected in the records.

The net migration from the State during the ten years following 1890 amounted to 109,000 persons, the increase of 64,000 in the total population being accounted for by the fact that the births exceeded the deaths by 173,000. Most of the emigrants left for Western Australia, where gold had been discovered in large quan-In 1902-3 a year of unexampled drought was experienced, which was felt severely by Victoria as well as all the other Eastern From 1903 to 1913 the seasons were usually good, with the result that employment was plentiful and that the State was able not only to retain its own people but also to attract a considerable number of immigrants from other States and countries. In the year 1914 there was a severe drought, and the outbreak of war led to the despatch of a large number of men to places outside Australia. The increase in population was therefore retarded in that year. Although there were record harvests in 1915 and 1916 there was a decrease of population in both of these years on account of the departure of soldiers for the front, and the practical cessation of immigration. In 1917 and 1918 there were increases in spite of the fact that 20,633 soldiers left the State in the earlier and 4,532 in the later year to take part in the war. In 1919 there was a substantial addition to the population. The increases in the three years mentioned were entirely due to the return of soldiers to Victoria, the number who returned being 16,266 in 1917, 25,900 in 1918, and 77,468 in 1919. In the years 1920, 1921, 1922, and 1923 there were increases of 24,874, 22,777, 39,539, and 35,155 respectively, included in which were 3,474 soldiers in the first-mentioned year, and about 4,000 assisted immigrants in 1921, 9,145 in 1922, and 9,504 in 1923. The subjoined table contains a statement of the population in various years from 1836 to 1923:—

ESTIMATED POPULATION OF VICTORIA, 1836 TO 1923.

Year.	Estimated	Population, 31st	December.	Estimated Mean Population.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Topulation.		
1836 (25th May) .		35	177	} 200		
1836 (8th Novr.)	. 186	38	224	3		
1840	. 7,254	3,037	10,291	8,056		
1850		30,667	76,162	71,191		
1855	. 234,450	129,874	364,324	338,315		
1860	. 328,251	209,596	537,847	534,055		
1870	398,755	327,844	726,599	713,195		
1880	451,456	408,611	860,067	850,343		
1890	. 596,064	537,202	1,133,266	1,118,500		
1900	602,487	594,719	1,197,206	1,193,338		
1901	608,436	601,464	1,209,900	1,203,137		
1902	604,318	603,913	1,208.231	1,207,527		
1903	599,950	604,792	1,204,742	1,205,296		
1904	. 597,617	607,991	1,205,608	1,202,814		
1905	598,134	612,287	1,210,421	1,206,046		
1906	600,856	618,976	1,219,832	1,213,672		
1907	605,775	627,032	1,232,807	1,225,503		
1908	614,937	635,512	1,250,449	1,240,488		
1909	631,021	646,001	1,277,022	1,261,169		
1910	646,482	654,926	1,301,408	1,282,477		
1911	. 668,818	671,075	1,339,893	1,320,661		
1912	690,056	692,497	1,382,553	1,357,864		
1913	707,444	707,972	1,415,416	1,395,958		
1914	. 713,307	721,881	1,435,188	1,427,512		
1915	694,210	730,235	1,424,445	1,431,632		
1916	COCOAF	738,418	1,404,663	1,414,480		
1917	671,075	745,985	1,417,060	1,411,381		
1918	604,049	753,002	1,437,245	1,424,054		
1919	720.056	763,079	1,503,035	1,473,013		
1920	750,000	774,106	1,527,909	1,512,093		
1921	764,905	785,781	1,550,686	1,537,008		
1922	788,626	801,599	1,590,225	1,570,824		
1923	906 210	818,834	1,625,380	1,607,773		

The rates of increase in population in different years are given on page 109.

Population, 1923. The elements of increase in the population of Victoria during 1923 are shown in the following table:—

ESTIMATED POPULATION OF VICTORIA, 31st DECEMBER, 1923.

	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Estimated Population, 31st December, 1922	••		788,626	801,599	1,590,225
Births, 1923	18,565	17,312		••	
Deaths, 1923	9,135	8,084			••
Natural Increase			9,430	9,228	18,658
Migration by Sea, 1923—	.*				
Arrivals	49,332	37,916		••	••
Departures (as adjusted)	38,298	31,967		••	••
Gain Seawards	••		11,034	5,949	16,983
Migration by Land, 1923—				1	
Arrivals	171,436	88,430			
Departures (as adjusted)	173,980	86,372		ļ	
Loss Overland			2,544	*2,058	486
Estimated Population, 31st December, 1923			806,546	818,834	1,625,380
Full-blooded aborigines at the date of the 1921 census, not included in					
the estimate		••	80	64	144

*Gain.

Increase of Population, 1891–1923. The population of Victoria on 5th April, 1891, when the census of that year was taken, was 1,140,405; in 1901 it was 1,201,341; in 1911, 1,315,551; and, in 1921, 1,531,280. The table which follows shows the increase of

population by excess of births over deaths, and the loss by emigration in each year since the first-mentioned date:—

INCREASE OF POPULATION BY EXCESS OF BIRTHS OVER DEATHS, AND LOSS BY EMIGRATION, 1891 TO 1923.

Year.	Natural Increase (i.e., Excess of Births over Deaths).	Loss by Emigration.	Net Increase.
1891 (from 5th April, Census)	15,859	+ 1,414	17,273
1892	21,980	11,058	10,922
1893	20,044	12,484	7,560
1894	18,828	12,698	6,130
1895	18,070	14,410	3,660
1896	16,464	22,134	- 5,670
1897	16,184	13,754	2,430
1898	11,477	11,127	350
1899	14,430	8,020	6,410
1900	15,564	7,828	7,736
1901 (to 31st March, Census)	3,613	+ 251	3,864
Total Intercensal period (10 years)	172,513	111,848	60,665
1901 (from 1st April)	11,491	2,661	8,830
1902	14,284	15,953	- 1,669
1903	13,974	17,463	- 3,489
1904	15,370	14,504	866
1905	15,431	10,618	4,813
1906	15,607	6,196	9,411
1907	16,826	3,851	12,975
1908	15,331	$+^{*} 2,311$	17,642
1909	17,108	+ 9,465	26,573
1910	16,705	+ 7,681	24.386
1911 (to 2nd April, Census)	4,694	+ 9,449	14,143
Total Intercensal period (10 years)	156,821	42,340	114,481
1911 (from 3rd April)	13,116	+ 11,226	24,342
1912	19,207	+23,453	42,660
1913	20,496	+12,367	32,863
1914	19,719	+, 53	19,772
1915	19,186	29,929	-10.743
1916	17,746	37,528	-19,782
1917	18,478	6,081	12,397
1918	16,420	+3,765	20,185
1919	12,249	+53,541	65,790
1920	19,381	+ 5,493	24,874
1921 (to 4th April, Census)	4,679	1,308	3,371
Total Intercensal period (10 years)	180,677	+35,052	215,729
	7.4.5.45	+ 4,659	19,406
1921 (from 5th April)	14.747		
1921 (from 5th April)	14,747 21,133	+18,406	39,539

Note.—The plus sign (+) indicates that the arrivals in exceeded the departures from the State by the number against which it is placed.

It will be seen that Victoria has since 1891 suffered a serious loss by emigration. The State which has been by far the greatest gainer is Western Australia. In the Year-Book for 1915–16 the arrivals from and departures to that State are shown for the years 1891 to 1915 inclusive. Since 1905, in so far as seaward migration is concerned, the arrivals from Western Australia have exceeded the departures thereto in each year except three, when there was a small excess of departures. The net seaward migration for each of the last five years is given on page 88.

There was a large migration between South Africa and Victoria for some years, which, during the period 1895—1903, resulted in a loss to Victoria of 10,002 of her population. During the five years ended 1908 and in 1913, 1914, 1917, 1918, 1922, and 1923 this State gained from South Africa, but in the four years 1909 to 1912 and in 1915, 1916, 1919, 1920, and 1921 there was a loss due to emigration to that colony. Details of migration to and from South Africa are given in the Year-Book for 1910—11, and, for the last five years, on page 86 of this volume.

Immigration and to and from Victoria during the five years 1919 to 1919-1923.

RECORDED IMMIGRATION AND EMIGRATION BY SEA, 1919 TO 1923.

Lacon					
	Year.		Immigrants.	Emigrants.	Excess of Immigrants.
,				· ·	
1919	••	••	33,621	37,099	- 3,478
1920	••	••	65,595	59,956	5,639
1921			66,537	63,944	2,593
1922		1	81,903	66,355	15,548
1923	••		87,248	69,986	17,262

NOTE.—The figures in this table are exclusive of members of the Australian Expeditionary Forces.

The number of soldiers belonging to the Australian Expeditionary Forces who arrived in Victoria from or left the State for oversea countries from the commencement of the war to the 31st December, 1920, is shown in the Year-Book for 1922–23, page 85.

Arrivals and departures by rail, 1919 to 1823.

The Inter-State railway passenger traffic, as well as the seaward traffic, is taken into account in framing estimates of population. The effect of the railway traffic during the past five years is shown in the following return:—

Year.		Arrivals.			Departures.			Excess of Arrivals.			
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
1919	139,473	66,313	205,786	158,853	66,446	2 2 5,299	- 19,380	_ 133	— 19,513		
1920	184,554	95,084	279,638	184,233	98,099	282,332	321		l ,		
1921	170,268	88,177	258,445	168,224	88,571	256,795	2,044	- 394	1,65(
1922	168,025	86,986	255,011	164,280	86,998	251,278	3,745	- 12	3,73		
1923	171,436	88,430	259,866	172,580	87,132	259,712	- 1,144	1,298	154		

Since the beginning of 1913 a systematic count has been made of the passengers who travel by rail between the States of Victoria, New South Wales, Queensland, and South Australia.

During 1923 Victoria gained by rail 427 persons from South Australia, but lost 273 to New South Wales.

The net result of the recorded immigration and emigra
Gain by immigration tion by sea between Victoria and the neighbouring States, from various countries and vice versa. the United Kingdom, and foreign countries (exclusive of soldiers) during each of the five years ended 1923 is shown in the following table. Where a minus sign (—) appears, it indicates that the emigrants exceeded the immigrants by the number against which it is placed:—

RECORDED NET IMMIGRATION TO VICTORIA BY SEA, 1919 TO 1923.

	Excess of Immigration over Emigration between Victoria and—										-		
Year.	New South Wales.	Queensland.	South Australia.	Western Australia.	Tasmania.	New Zealand.	South Africa.	United Kingdom.	Other British Dominions.	United States.	Other Foreign Ports.	Grews of Vessels.	Net Immigration.
1919 1920 1921 1922 1923 Total	-1,196 - 454 - 158 - 251 450 -1,609	- 681 - 649 - 471 - 355	115 9 71 -116	326 175 750		-373 413 468 592	- 97 -163 18 127	2,456 6,873 5,876 10,408 11,181 36,794	399 563	10 10 6 15	34 137 105 612 431 1,319		-3,478 5,639 2,593 15,548 17,262 37,564

The net result of the seaward migration for the five years has been an increase to Victoria of 37.564 persons, the principal gains having been from the United Kingdom, Western Australia, New Zealand, Foreign ports, and Tasmania. New South Wales, Queensland, and South Australia attracted persons from this State during that period.

The number of persons who have been assisted to come to Victoria from the foundation of the State to the end of 1923 will be found in the next table:—

STATE-ASSISTED IMMIGRATION TO VICTORIA TO THE END OF 1923.

Period.			Number of State-assisted Immigrants.		Period.	Number of State-assisted Immigrants.	
1838-50	•••		28,632	1911			6,776
1851-60			87,963	1912			15,119
1861-70			46,594	1913			12,146
1871-80			5,545	1914			7,496
1881-90			2	1915			1,724
1891-00				1916			327
1901				1917			146
1902			• •	1918			101
1903				1919			139
1904				1920			2,763
1905				1921			3,987
1906				1922			9,145
1907			127	1923			9,504
1908			360			-	
1909			652	T o	otal		240,938
1910		[1,690				

In 1923 the immigrants assisted by the Government numbered 9,504, of whom 3,856 were nominated and 5,648 selected. Of the immigrants 2,117 were married persons. The sex distribution of the State-assisted immigrants was—males 6,689, and females 2,815.

Upon the outbreak of war in August, 1914, instructions were issued by the Victorian Government that no men who were within the limits of the recruiting ages should be accepted for assisted passages by its representatives in England. Partly for this reason and partly because of the existence of prosperous conditions in Great Britain the number of assisted immigrants to Victoria was very small during the years 1915 to 1919.

A statement of the arrangements which have been made for assisting immigrants to come to Victoria is given in a later portion of this volume under the heading "Immigration, Intelligence, and Labour Bureau."

CENSUS OF 1921.

A census of Australia was taken on 4th April, 1921, under the general superintendence of the Commonwealth Statistician. The officer in charge of the collection in each State was the Commonwealth electoral officer for that State with the designation of "Deputy Supervisor of Census." Under him an enumerator was in charge of each Commonwealth electoral division, and under each enumerator there was a sub-enumerator in respect of each electoral subdivision or a group of subdivisions. In all cases the position of enumerator was filled by the divisional returning officer. Each subdivision was further cut up into collectors' districts for the actual work of collection. The collecting organizations for the States comprised six deputy supervisors, 75 enumerators, and about 1,100 subenumerators, and 7,000 collectors.

A deputy supervisor was appointed for each of the Territories, viz., Northern Territory, Federal Territory, Norfolk Island, and Papua, and for the late German New Guinea. In these cases the collectors worked under the immediate direction of the deputy supervisor.

Census
Population of Municipalities.

The following statement shows the population and number of dwellings in each of the municipalities of the State at the census of 4th April, 1921:—

POPULATION AND DWELLINGS IN EACH LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA OF VICTORIA AS AT THE CENSUS OF 4TH APRIL, 1921.

	. 1		Population.	<u> </u>		wellings		
Local Governn	ont Area							
Local Governi	ient Area.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Built.	Being Built.	Total.	
	·····							
Cities, Tow	ns and							
Boroughs—Me						()		
TD 1 1 2	aropotatare.	9,491	11,744	21,235	4,620	59	4.679	
m · 1		21,339	23,145	44,484	9,685		9,776	
C 1 11		10,703	13,132	23,835	5,729		5,853	
C 1C 11		18,667	22,026	40,693	9,672		9,834	
G-1	: :: !	8,952	9,162	18,114	3,857		3,897	
A 111		15,956	18,283	34,239	7,564		7,565	
171	: : !	16,525	18,744	35,269	8,050		8,086	
T0:4	: ::	16,311	18,627	34,938	7,708		7,712	
174		16,785	16,990	33,775	7,147		7,193	
TT. Alexander		12,870	16,295	29,165	6,563	1 6	6,592	
TZ		7,711	9,671	17,382	3,650		3,707	
35-1		14,054	18,252	32,306	7,626		7,753	
3.6 11		51,084	52,167	103,251	21,533		21,555	
NT - 41 1		14,694	15,825		6,841		6,953	
A-1-1-2-1-		2,932	3,144	6,076	1,366		1,383	
Port Melbourne		6,495	6,594	13,089	2,806		2.808	
Dechar		21,706	28,584	50,290	11,479		11,497	
D: 1		20,606	22,565	43,171	9,505		9,511	
Sandringham .		5,142	6,174		2,761	63	2,824	
South Melbourn		22,167	24,706	46,873	10,153		10,169	
CL TZ:1.1		16,736		38,579	8,307		8,371	
Williamstown	••	9,916	$21,843 \\ 9,526$		4,335		4,365	
Williamstown .	•• ••	9,910	9,520	19,442	4,330		4,300	
Total		340,842	387,199	728,041	160,957	1,126	162,083	
Extra Metr	opolitan.							
		2,306	2,347	4,653	857		859	
Ballarat .		9,359	11,856	21,215	4,950	12	4,962	
Ballarat East		6,194	7,258	13,452	3,308	3	3,311	
Bendigo .		11,755	13,927	25,682	5,970	15	5,985	
Carrum .	'	2,490	2,735	5,225	1,850	17	1,867	
Castlemaine .		2,509	2,822	5,331	1,249	1	1,250	
Clunes		510	715	1,225	354	1	355	
Creswick		764	906	1,670	429		429	
Th. 1		1,468	1,860	3,328	771		771	
Dunolly .		405	448	853	242		242	
77		2,134	2,585	4,719	1,171		1,171	
T. i		1,836	1,909	3,745	859		860	
Geelong		6,850	7,955	14,805	3,245	2	3,247	
C - 1 - 777 - 4		4,518	5,123	9,641	2,221	10	2,231	
TT		2,406	2,691	5,097	1,155		1,157	
TT 1		1,805					845	

Population and Dwellings in each Local Government Area of Victoria as at the Census of 4th April, 1921—continued.

		Population.		Dwellings.			
Local Government Area.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Built.	Being Built.	Total.	
Cities. Towns. and							
Boroughs—Extra Metro					1 1		
politan—continued.			1				
Inglewood	517	600	1,117	289	١ ا	289	
Koroit	856	904	1,760	364		364	
Maryborough	2,216	2,528	4,744	1,172	2	1,174	
Mentone and Mordialloc	2,629	3,045	5,674	1,361	. 7	1,368	
Mildura	2,665	2,436	5,101	1,064	16	1,080	
Newtown and Chilwell	3,312	3,928	7,240	1,596	5	1,601	
Port Fairy	983	1,005	1,988	435		435	
Portland	1,135	1,420	2,555	561	2	56 3	
Queenscliff	1,102	1,384	2,486	502		502	
Sale	1,766	2,003	3,769	824	6	830	
Sebastopol	867	875		420		420	
St. Arnaud	1,214	1,507	2,721	638	2	640	
Stawell	2,041	2,372	4,413	1,046	1	1,047	
Wangaratta	1,769	1,920	3,689	751	4	755	
Warrnambool	3,718	4,012	7,730	1,655	4	1,659	
Wonthaggi	2,809	2,361	5,170	1,045	19	1,064	
Total	86,908	99,422	186,330	43,187	146	43,333	
Total—Cities, Towns,							
and Boroughs	427,750	486,621	914,371	204,144	1,272	205,416	
Shires.							
Alberton	3,114	2,508	5,622	1,339		1344	
Alexandra	1,890	1,464	3,354	920		921	
Arapiles	1,198	1,126	2,324	480		480	
Ararat	3,162	2,793	5,955	1,349		1,350	
Avoca	1,658	1,649	3,307	818	4	822	
Avon	1,287	1,097	2,384	543		546	
Bacchus Marsh	1,738	1,561	3,299	675		684	
Bairnsdale Ballan	3,888	3,831	7,719	1,794		1,797	
	1,603	1,477	3,080	798		799	
Ballarat	1,894	2,059	3,953	733		737	
Bannockburn	1,345	1,244	2,589	633		633	
Barrarbool	968	843	1,811	411		411	
Barwon South Beechworth	1,529	1,639	3,168	857		858	
D 16	2,358	2,293	4,651	1,014		1,015	
D-11	1,322	1,166	2,488	524		524	
Bellarine Benalla	2,040	1,969	4,009	969		973	
Downials	3,895	3,692	7,587	1,771		1,774	
	4,832	4,119	8,951	2,156		2,166 699	
	1,424	1,255	2,679	698 395		397	
Bet Bet	1 014				. 21	397	
Birchip	1,014	836	1,850				
Birchip Borung	2,532	2,219	4,751	1,056	2	1,058	
Birchip			4,751 4,431		2 75		

Population and Dwellings in each Local Government Area of Victoria as at the Census of 4th April, 1921—continued.

		Population.		Dwellings.		
Local Government Area.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Built.	Being Built.	Total.
Shires—continued.						
Broadmeadows	3,626	1,804	5,430	820	7	827
Bulla	1,264	1,337	2,601	370		370
Buln Buln	3,264	2,618	5,882	1,472		1,472
Bungaree	1,528	1,490	3,018	717		717
Buninyong	2,637	2,427	5,064	1,225	3	1.228
Charlton	1,325	1,140	2,465	535		535
Chiltern	1,063	1,077	2,140	536		536
Colac	6,248	5,851	12,099	2,662	23	2.685
Corio	2,256	1,685	3,941	766	8	774
Cranbourne	3,219	2,462	5,681	1,403	10	1,413
Creswick	1,505	1,539	3,044	774	l l	774
Dandenong	3,439	3,441	6,880	1,583	27	1,610
Deakin	2,163	1,761	3,924	926	2	928
Dimboola	3,370	2,899	6,269	1,256	4	1,260
Donald	1,727	1,513	3,240	709	۱ ۱	709
Doncaster	1,342	1,242	2,584	670	3	673
Dundas	1,788	1,699	3,487	794	1	795
Dunmunkle	2,486	2,097	4,583	982	2	984
Eltham	2,092	1,981	4,073	1,104	1	1,105
Euroa	1,994	1,914	3,908	898	1	899
Ferntree Gully	3,372	3,632	7,004	2,255	37	2,292
Flinders	2,505	2,250	4.755	1,237	3	1,240
Frankston and Hastings	2,299	2,347	4,646	1,431	2	1,433
Gippsland South	2,615		4,673	1,037	1	1,038
Gisborne	1,089	1,286	2,37 5	564		564
Glenelg	2,815	2,664	5,479	1,235		1,239
Glenlyon	1,638			847	2	849
Gordon	1,717	1,433	3,150	708		709
Goulburn	1,145		2,146	5 06		507
Grenville	1,557	1,565	3,122	803		803
Hampden	5,370		10,503	2,282		2,288
Healesville	1,550	1,864	3,414	710		715
Heidelberg	7,942	8,674	16,616	3,420	43	3,463
Heytesbury	2,326		4,449	961	1	962
Huntly	1,696		3,098	767	1	768
Kara Kara	1,649		3,041	709	4	713
Karkarooe	3,139	2,354	5,493	1,210	5	1,215
Keilor	663	528	1,191	265	1	265
Kerang	5,697	4,779	10,476	2,353	12	2,365
Kilmore	942	848	1,790	431		431
Korong	2.611	2,262	4,873	1,141	2	1,143
Kowree	1,748		3,298	792	2	794
Kyneton	3,341	3,630	6,971	1,705	4	1,709
Lawloit	1,150			443		443
Leigh	807	716	1,523	387		387

POPULATION AND DWELLINGS IN EACH LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA OF VICTORIA AS AT THE CENSUS OF 4TH APRIL, 1921—continued.

		Population.		Dwellings.		
Local Government Area.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Built.	Being Built.	Total.
Shires—continued.						
Lexton	894	729	1,623	414		414
Lilvdale	4.651	4.758	9,409	2,463	35	2,498
Loddon East	971	800	1,771	407		407
Lowan	1,906		3,628	772		772
Maffra	3,082		5,653	1,282	9	1,291
Maldon	1,508	1,630	3,138	764	"	764
36 6 13	2,119	1,874	3,993	980	2	982
**	3,053	2,822	5,875	1,342	î	1,343
Mr. D.	786	644	1,430	341	1	341
36 1 16	1,350		2,673	647	1	648
3611		3,189	8,080	2,189	9	2,198
35. 1 1/	4,891	863		2,189 468		492
Minhamite	1,017		1,880	_	24	367
Mirboo	892	646	1,538	367	10	
Moorabbin	3,786	3,657	7,443	1,499	19	1,518
Mornington	987	1,215	2,202	588	2	590
Mortlake	1,497	1,414	2,911	697	4	701
Morwell	2,105	1,580	3,685	969	1	970
Mt. Rouse	1,361	1,348	2,709	597		• 597
Mulgrave	1,600	1,610	3,210	714	3	717
Murray Upper	1,169	942	2,111	460	1	461
McIvor	1,744	1,590	3,334	811		811
Narracan	3,810		6,920	1,671	3	1,674
Newham and Woodend	984	1,108	2,092	481	•••	481
Newstead and Mt. Alex-						
ander	1,356		2,700	733	•••	733
Numurkah	3,000		5,765	1,327	••	1,327
Nunawading	6,238		12,631	2,855	52	2,907
Omeo	1,303	1,065	2,368	665	2	667
Orbost	2,204		3,828	999	1	1,000
Otway	2,339	1,701	4,040	997	4	1,001
Oxley	2,172	1,776	3,948	864	1	865
Phillip Island and				- 1		5.0
Woolamai	2,721	2,379	5,100	1,111	2	1,113
Poowong and Jeetho	3,891	3,286	7,177	1,657	4.	1,661
Portland	2,742	2,525	5,267	1,260	3	1,263
Preston	4,717	4,953	9,670	2,102	86	2,188
Pyalong	370	331	701	189		189
Ripon	1,730	1,700	3,430	803		803
Rochester	3,397	2,889	6,286	1,399	7	1,406
Rodney	3,913	3,481	7,394	1,642	7	1,649
Romsey	1,690		3,193	800	.	800
Rosedale	2,260		4,180	1,002	4	1,006
*Rutherglen	2,086		3,945	885		885
Seymour	2,028		3,806	870	2	872
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	į .					

^{*}The borough of Rutherglen has been amalgamated with the shire, and the figures which are given above relate to the municipality in its altered form. In Census publications the population of the borough is shown as Males 572, Females 588—Total 1,160; and that of the shire as Males 1,514, Females 1,271—Total 2,785.

Population and Dwellings in each Local Government Area of Victoria as at the Census of 4th April, 1921—continued.

		Population	•	Г	Owellings	3.
Local Government Area.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Built.	Being Built.	Total.
Q1						
Shires—continued.	İ				'	
Shepparton	4,019	3,692		1,685		1,690
Stawell	1,840	1,510		802		802
Strathfieldsaye	1,687	1,687		788		788
Swan Hill	6,723	4,830		2,721	16	2,737
Talbot	646	736		388		388
Tambo	2,235	1,993		929	1	930
Towong	2,412	1,915		1,008		1,010
Traralgon	1,729	1,609		791	4	795
Tullaroop	1,314	1,264		637		637
Tungamah	2,402	2,098		1,030		1,032
Upper Yarra	3,017	2,512		1,308		
Violet Town	960	924		461	2	463
Walpeup	3,278	2,195		1,199	5	1,204
Wangaratta	1,268	1,117		525		525
Wannon	1,519	1,322		636		639
Waranga	2,909	2,462		1,321	2	1,323
Warragul	2,543	2,412	4,955	1,048	4	1,052
Warrnambool	4,256	3,978	8,234	1,760		1,760
Werribee	3,737	3,299	7,036	1,559	7	1,566
Whittlesea	1,835	1,645	3,480	788		. 788
Wimmera	2,346	1,810	4,156	870	2	872
Winchelsea	2,247	2,061	4,308	980	. 1	981
Wodonga	1,368	1,185	2,553	608	7	615
Woorayl	3,311	2,656		1,358	4	1,362
Wycheproof	2,428	1,785		1,000	l l	1,000
Yackandandah	1,515	1,412		677	2	679
Yarrawonga	1,354	1,265		611		611
Yea	1,488	1,208		646	10	656
Total—Shires	322,205	288,782	610,987	141,842	737	142,579
		*	SUMMA	RY.		
<u></u>						
Cities, Towns and Boroughs	427,750	486,621		204,144		205,416
Shires	322,20 5	288,782	610,987	141,842	737	142,579
Not Incorporated	106	68	174	64		64
Whole State	750,061	775,471	1,525,532	346,050	2,009	348,059
Shipping	4,663	1,085	5,748	•••		••

Population in each District.

The enumerated populations of the districts of Victoria at the last two census dates are shown hereunder:—

ENUMERATED POPULATIONS OF THE VARIOUS DISTRICTS
OF VICTORIA AT THE CENSUSES OF 1911 AND 1921.

		1911.			1921.			
District.		1						
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
								
Central	358,360	388,532	746,892	465,671	510,370	976,041		
North Central	37,256	37,268	74,524	30,946	31,645	62,591		
Western	69,746	68,792	138,538	67,178	67,380	134,558		
Wimmera	31,636	28,067	59,703	30,533	27,940	58,473		
Mallee	17,247	11,806	29,053	25,896	19,032	44,928		
Northern	67,819	63,988	131,807	62,066	59,767	121,833		
North-Eastern	30,795	27,488	58,283	25,902	23,577	49,479		
Gippsland	38,650	33,296	71,946	41,869	35,760	77,629		
Shipping	4,082	723	4,805	4,663	1,085	5,748		
Total	655,591	659,960	1,315,551	754,724	776,556	1,531,280		

In only three districts are increases shown in the intercensal period. The population of the Central District, which includes Melbourne and suburbs, advanced by 229,149; that of the Mallee District by 15,875; and that of the Gippsland District by 5,683 during the decennium. All the northern districts lost population during the period mentioned, and the Wimmera District, in which large quantities of wheat are grown, had 1,230 less residents in 1921 than in 1911.

The populations enumerated in each county of the State at the Censuses of 1911 and 1921 are given in the following statement, and the increases or decreases are shown:—

POPULATION OF COUNTIES IN VICTORIA, 1911 AND 1921.

	;	Enu	nerated P	opulatio	n in		Increase	(+) or De	crease (—)
County.		1911.			1921.			compared	
-	Males.	Females	Total.	Males.	Females	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
A wlesser	4 770	4,180	8,952	F #00	4 501	10,089	+ 736	, 401	
Anglesey	4,772	2,957	6,582		4,581	6.081			
Benambra	3,625								
Bendigo	26,771	27,729	54,500		24,606	47,530	- 3,847		
Bogong	14,681		27,905						
Borung	16,289		30,851	16,173		30,894			
Bourke	295,309							+106,308	
Buln Buln Croajingo-	22,283	18,774	41,057	24,546	20,344	44,890	+ 2,263	+ 1,570	+ 3,833
long	1,510	1,190	2,700	1,684	1,275	2,959	+ 174	+ 85	÷ 259
Dalhousie	8,917		17,641	8.086	89117		831	607	
Dargo	3,077	2,441	5,518		2,050	4,403			
Delatite	11,491		22,065	10,171	9,655		- 1,320		- 2,239
Dundas	5,298	5,152	10,450	5,330	5,258	10,588		+ 106	+ 138
Evelyn	9,026		17,291	12,460	12,090	24,550	+ 3,434	+ 3,825	+ 7,259
Follett	1,372	1,339		1,611	1,552	3,163		+ 213	+ 452
Gladstone	8,752	7,961	16,713	6,516		12,455	-2.236	-2,022	-4.258
Grant	34,991	36,486	71,477	35,677	38,110	73,787	+ 686	+ 1,624	+ 2,310
Grenville	20,503	22,567	43,070	17,621	19,791	37,412	- 2,882	- 2,776	- 5,658
Gunbower	5,083	4,181	9,264	6,258	5,357	11,615	+1,175		
Hampden	6,707	6,188	12,895	6,443	6,244	12,687	- 264	+ 56	- 208
Heytesbury	3,705	3,261	6,966	4,090	3,764	7,854	+ 385	+ 503	+ 888
Kara Kara	8,265		15,539		7,195	14,822	- 638		
Karkarooc	9,618	6,562	16,180	16,267	11,882	28,149	+6,649	+ 5,320	+ 11.969
Lowan	7,082	6,231	13,313	6,733	6,024	12,757	- 349	- 207	556
Millewa	56	28	84	49	21	70	- 7	- 7	- 14
Moira	16,814	15,028	31,842	14,878	13,623	28,501		- 1,405	- 3,341
Mornington	19,034	16,279	35,313	28,575	26,360	54,935		+ 10,081	+19,622
Normanby	5,900		11,907	5,857	5,922	11,779	– 4 3		- 128
Polwarth	7,367		13,900	7,981	7,173	15,154	+ 614		
Ripon	7,464	6,448	13,912	6,671	6,236	12,907			- 1,005
Rodney	10,399		19,488	11,490	10,242	21,732		+ 1,153	+ 2,244
Talbot	23,567	24,364	47,931	17,352	18,947	36,299	-6,215	- 5,417	-11,632
Tambo	1,650	1,329	2,979	2,240	1,876	4,116	+ 590		+ 1,137
Fanjil	10,130	9,562	19,692	11,046	10,215	21,261		+ 653	+ 1,569
fatchera	6,318		10,837	7,076	5,321	12,397		+ 802	+ 1,560
Villiers	11,430	11,297	22,727	11,574	11,440	23,014			
Weeah	1,255	697	1,952	2,504	1,308	4,312	+ 1,249		+ 2,360
Wonnangatta	998	733	1,731	733	532	1,265	- 265	- 201	- 466
Outside .		l j							
Counties-									
Shipping	4,082	723	4,805	.4,663	1,085	5,748	+ 581	+ 362	+ 943
Total	655,591	659,960	1,315,551	754,724	776,556	1.531.280	+99.133	+116,596	+ 215,729

Note.—Full-blood aborigines to the number of 196 in 1911 and 144 in 1921, are excluded from the foregoing statement.

Decreases of population are shown in 17 of the 37 counties in the ten-year period 1911-1921. The largest of these are in the counties of Talbot, Bendigo, Grenville, Bogong and Gladstone, where the mining industry was in a depressed condition during the decade mentioned. The north-eastern county of Moira, which is principally dependent on agriculture, shows a decline of about 10 per cent. The county of Bourke, which includes the metropolis, contained nearly 200,000 more people at the later census than at the earlier one. There were also large increases in the counties of Mornington, Evelyn, and Karkarooc.

Conjugal The conjugal condition of the people, as ascertained at Condition, 1921. the census of 1921, is shown in the following table:—

CONJUGAL CONDITION OF THE PEOPLE, 4TH APRIL, 1921.

				Males.	Females.	Total.
Never married						
Under age 15 years				231,086	224,850	455,936
Age 15 years	and over			222,177	211,833	434,010
Married				277,183	282,494	559,677
Widowed				21,279	54,928	76,207
Divorced			1	1,092	1,221	2,313
Unspecified	••	• •	• • •	1,907	1,230	3,137
Tot	al			754,724	776,556	1,531,280

Occupations of the People, 1911 and a 1921.

The number of breadwinners in each class of occupation at the last two censuses, and of the persons dependent on them, are shown hereunder:—

OCCUPATIONS OF THE PEOPLE OF VICTORIA, AS RETURNED AT THE CENSUSES OF 1911 AND 1921.

Occupation.		1911.	1921.
Breadwinners—			
Professional		43,819	60,585
Domestic		62,175	58,225
Commercial		91,611	108,011
Transport and Communication		39,238	53,332
Industrial		187,773	234,245
Primary Producers		144,384	147,438
Indefinite		8,053	7,617
Total Breadwinners		577,053	669,453
Dependents		721,137	856,379
Occupation not stated		17,361	5,448
Total		1,315,551	1,531,280

Grades of Occupation of the population, as returned at the censuses of 1911 and 1921, were as follows:—

Grade.	C	ensus of 1	911.	Census of 1921.			
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
Employer	59,713		67,028			44,707	
Working on own account Assisting but not receiv-	37,753	11,987	49,740	82,436	14,624	97,060	
ing salary or wages	19,273	3,002	22,275	10,742	1,003	11,745	
Receiving salary or wages	281,727	103,975	385,702	315,391	118,052	433,443	
Unemployed	14,930	3,012	17,942	32,432	7,581	40,013	
Grade not applicable	229,594	528,264	757,858	266,661	629,013	895,674	
Grade not stated	12,601	2,405	15,006	6,426	2,212	8,638	
Total	655,591	659,960	1,315,551	754,724	776,556	1,531,280	

Occupancy of Private Dwellings.

The mode of occupancy of private dwellings changed materially between the dates of the 1911 and 1921 censuses. Particulars for those two census years are given below:—

MODE OF OCCUPANCY OF PRIVATE DWELLINGS, TENEMENTS AND FLATS—CENSUSES OF 1911 and 1921.

Occupied by—		4th April	3rd April, 1911.	Increase		
	Urban.		D1	Whole	Whole	during Ten years 1911–1921.
	Metro- politan.	Pro- vincial.	Rural.	State.	State.	

NUMBER OF OCCUPIED PRIVATE DWELLINGS.

Owner	45,096	18,778	66,998	130,872	118,716	12,156
Purchaser by Instalments Tenant	25,259 83,067	4,856 14,280	12,140 30,398	42,255 $127,745$	13,973 119,562	28,282 8,183
Other and Un- specified	4,579	1,643	11,842	18,064	11,383	6,681
Total	158,001	39,557	121,378	318,936	263,634	55,302

The number of owner occupiers and rent purchasers of those dwellings for which definite information was given increased from 52.6 per cent. in the earlier to 57.5 per cent in the later year. The prevailing scarcity of houses doubtless influenced many persons who were formerly classed as tenants to become prospective owners, by entering into arrangements to purchase their houses on the instalment principle.

Ages of the people.

The following table shows the ages of the people at the dates of the censuses of 1901, 1911 and 1921, and the proportionate numbers living in successive age groups:—

AGES OF THE PEOPLE AT CENSUSES, 1901, 1911, AND 1921.

		19	01.	19	11.	19	21.
Age Group (Years).		Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
					,		
0-5	••	66,807	65,179	73,061	70,417	79,210	76,426
5-10	• •	72,052	70,493	65,615	63,904	79,452	77,680
10-15	••	67,389	66,640	63,586	62,523	72,424	70,744
15-20	• •	58,896	59,717	67,804	67,719	66,020	64,589
20-25		50,593	57,632	61,895	65,217	62,096	67,503
25-30		45,469	52,832	51,955	55,651	62,845	69,647
30-35	••	46,635	48,156	44,928	48,694	59,244	63,439
35-40	•••	46,723	43,390	41,308	44,549	50,696	53,790
40-45		37,118	33,551	42,512	42,480	44,885	47,914
45-50		24,137	21,810	41,015	38,477	39,556	42,378
50-55		18,348	17,601	31,866	29,420	40,174	40,391
55-60		15,351	15,157	19,486	18,457	35,923	34,841
60-65		14,979	14,292	13,834	14,316	26,660	27,016
65-70		16,080	13,843	11,432	12,603	15,054	15,717
70-75		11,781	8,360	9,415	9,972	9,035	10,204
75-80		5,733	4,231	7,275	6,934	5,415	6,826
80-85		2,453	2,065	3,903	3,387	2,991	3,831
85-90		603	587	1,133	1,129	1,336	1,672
90-100		160	152	301	321	404	567
100 and over		12	11	8	10	9	8
Unspecified		2,564	1,759	3,259	3.780	1,295	1,373
Total		603,883	597,458	655,591	659,960	754,724	776,556

AGES OF THE PEOPLE AT CENSUSES, 1901, 1911, AND 1921-continued.

Age Group	19	001.	19	11.	. 19	21.
(Years).	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females
		Pı	COPORTIONS	PER CENT	•	
0-5	11.11	10.94	11 · 20	10.73	10.51	9.86
5-10	11.98	11.83	10.06	9.74	10.55	10.02
10-15	11.21	11.19	9.74	9.53	9.61	9.13
15-20	9.80	10.03	10.40	10.32	8.76	8.33
20-25	8.41	9.68	9.48	9.94	8.24	8.71
25-30	7.56	8.87	7.96	8.48	8.34	8.98
30-35	7.76	8.08	6 · 89	7.42	7 · 86	8.18
35-40	7.77	7.28	6.33	6.79	6.73	6.94
10-45	6.17	5 · 63	6.52	6 · 47	5.96	6.18
15-50	4.02	3.66	6.29	5.87	5.25	5.47
50-55	3.05	2.96	4.89	4.48	5.33	5.21
55-60	2.55	2.54	2.99	2.81	4.77	4.49
30–65	2.49	2.40	2.12	2·18	3.54	3 · 49
35-70	2.67	2.32	1 · 75	1.92	2.00	2.03
70-75	1.96	1.40	1.44	1.52	1.20	1.32
75-80	•95	.71	1.11	1.06	· 72	.88
30-85	•41	35	•60	52	40	49
35-90	·10	·10	·18	•17	·18	22
0 and over	.03	.03	05	.05	.05	.07
Specified Ages	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

Persons at dependent and supporting ages.

By adopting larger groups a clearer idea is obtained of the age distribution of the population at the three census periods. The subjoined table shows the numbers and proportions of males and females at ages 0-15, 15-45, 45-65 and 65 and upwards. Persons of unspecified ages have been omitted:—

NUMBER OF PERSONS AT DEPENDENT AND SUPPORTING AGES IN VICTORIA AT THREE CENSUS ENUMERATIONS.

			N	Number of P	ersons at—				
Census	Denen	dent Ages		Supporti	Old Age (65 years				
Year.			15 to 4	5 years.	45 to 6	5 years.	and upwards).		
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	
1901	206,248	202,312	285,434	295,278	72,815	68,860	36,822	29,249	
$\begin{array}{c} 1911 \\ 1921 \end{array}$	202,262 231,086	196,844 224,850	310,402 345,786	324,310 366,882	106,201 142,313	100,670 144,626	33,467 34,244	34,356 38,825	
				Proportions	per cent.			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
1901	34.30	33.96	47 47	49.57	12.11	11.56	6.12	4.91	
$\begin{array}{c} 1911 \\ 1921 \end{array}$	31.00	30·00 29·00	47·59 45·89	49·42 47·33	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c } \hline 16.28 \\ 18.89 \\ \hline \end{array} $	15·34 18·66	5·13 4·55	5.01	

Australian Born and other Population in State.

The next table shows the length of residence in Australia, at the date of the census of 1921, of persons included in the population of the State who were born outside the Commonwealth:—

POPULATION OF VICTORIA AT THE CENSUS OF 4TH APRIL, 1921, CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO LENGTH OF RESIDENCE IN AUSTRALIA.

Complet	No. of Enumerated Pop		Completed		Enumerated Population.			
Years o Residence		Males.	Females.	Persons.	Years of Residence.	Males.	Females.	Persons.
0 to 1 2 ,, 4		8,559 1,389	9,588 1,595	18,147 2,984	90 and upwards Not stated	3,666	12 4,205	18 7,87
5 ,, 9 10 ,, 19 20 ,, 39		24,576 12,586 29,898	20,039 7,338 19,232	44,615 19,924 49,130	Total	108,603	92,349	200,955
40 ,, 59 60 ,, 79		17,226 10,570	16,034 14,080	33,260 24,650	Born in Com- wealth	646,121	684,207	1,330,328
80 , 89	•••	130	226	356	Grand Total	754,724	776,556	1,531,28

There were 17 persons—9 males and 8 females—

Gentenarians in Victoria aged 100 years and upwards in Victoria when the 1921 census was taken.

In the following return the persons and dwellings to the square mile, persons and rooms to a dwelling, and persons to a room are shown for the seven census years 1861-1921:—

DENSITY OF POPULATION.—RETURN FOR SEVEN CENSUS YEARS.

Year of	Census.	Persons to the Square Mile (exclusive of Persons in Ships).	Inhabited Dwellings to the Square Mile.	Persons to the Inhabited Dwelling (exclusive of Persons in Ships).	Rooms to an Inhabited Dwelling.	Persons to a Room.
1861		6.126	1.470	4·16	2.96	1 · 39
1871		8 · 298	1.714	4.84	3.88	1 · 24
1881		9.791	1.935	5.06	4.43	1:14
1891		12.948	2.549	5.08	5.09	1.00
1901		13 643	2 · 747	4.97	5.38	.93
1911		14.915	3 · 103	4.80	5.51	-87
1921		17.360	3.766	4.61	5.35	.85

The population returned at the census of 1921 represents a proportion of 17.4 persons to the square mile. In 1911 the proportion was 14.9; in 1901, 13.6; in 1891, 12.9; in 1881, 9.8; in 1871, 8.3; and in 1861, 6.1. There were 461 persons to every 100 inhabited dwellings in 1921, a number smaller than in any of the five preceding census years, but greater than in 1861.

BIRTHPLACES OF THE PEOPLE OF VICTORIA, 1921.

The census of 1921 gave the birthplaces of the people

Birthplaces The census of 1921 gave the birthplaces of the people as follows:—

Birthplaces.	_	Males.	Females.	Total.
Commonwealth of Australia		646,023	684,113	1,330,136
New Zealand		5,460	5,750	11,210
British Isles		83,712	77,405	161,117
British India)	1,003	537	1,540
Union of South Africa		818	854	1,672
Canada		523	340	863
Denmark		835	200	1,035
Germany		2,462	1,231	3,693
France		393	353	746
Italy		1,411	439	1,850
Sweden		1,021	94	1,115
Norway	[637	89	726
Russia		601	342	943
Greece		505	53	558
United States	[952	641	1,593
China		2,740	85	2,825
Japan		52	20	72
Switzerland		321	118	439
Other Countries		2,710	1,484	4,194
At Sea		524	587	1,111
Unspecified	••	2,021	1,821	3,842
Total	[754,724	776,556	1,531,280
Allegiance—	1		== 4 =00	
British	••	747,482	774,702	1,522,184
Foreign	• •	6,873	1,496	8,369
Unstated		369	358	727

Australian The residents of Victoria at the date of the Census who were born in the Commonwealth of Australia numbered 1,330,136 or 87 per cent. of the total population. The number born in Australia or New Zealand was 1,341,346, the ratio to population being 88 per cent. The corresponding ratios in 1911 and 1901 were 85 per cent. and 79 per cent. respectively.

Foreign born. born in countries outside the British dominions was 19,486, or 1·3 per cent. of the population. This is a decrease as compared with 1911, when they numbered 21,252, or 1·6 per cent. of the population.

Allegiance. The number of persons living in Victoria in 1921 who owed their allegiance to a foreign country was 8,369.

In the interval between the censuses of 1911 and 1921 natives of China decreased from 4,302 to 2,825. These figures, however, do not represent all the Chinese in the State, as there are persons of this race born in places outside of China who are resident in Victoria. The total number of the Chinese race

in Victoria (including Chinese born in Australia) was 5,601 in 1911 and 4,179 in 1921.

The enumerated population at each of the last seven censuses and the decennial increases, numerical and centesimal, were as shown hereunder:—

POPULATION OF VICTORIA (INCLUDING ABORIGINES) AT SEVEN CENSUS PERIODS.

	Both Sexes.				Males.		Females.		
Year of Census.	Popu-				Increase last Cen		Popu-	Increase since last Census.	
lation		Numeri- cal.	Centesi- mal.	lation.	Numeri- cal.	Centesi- mal.	lation.	Numeri- cal.	Centesi- mal.
1861 1871	540,322 731,528				64,317			65,239	44.55
1881		130,818			72,399 51.033		330,478 410,263		56 · 13
1891	1,140,405				146,331	32.37	541,991	79,785 131,728	24·14 32·11
1901	1,201,341	60,936			5.469		597.458		10.23
1911	1,315,747			655,694	51,811	8.58	660,053	62,595	10.48
1921	1,531,424	215,677	16.39	754,804	99,110		776,620		17.66

Note.—The figures in this table include full-blood aboriginals. These numbered 144 in 1921, viz., 80 males and 64 iemales.

The increase in population between the censuses of 1911 and 1921, viz., 215,677, was larger than in any intercensal period subsequent to 1851, with the exception of the decennium 1881–1891, when it was 278,059 persons.

Proportions of sexes, Victoria.

The masculinity of the population, or the ratio of males to females, at each of the last seven census enumerations, was as follows:—

Year.						Males to 100 Females.
1861						$155 \cdot 26$
1871						121.36
1881			• •		• •	110.19
1891	••				• •	110 13
1901	• •			• •	• •	101.08
1911		• •	••	••	• •	99.34
1921	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	
1941	• •	• •	• •			$97 \cdot 19$

The number of males to every 100 females in age-groups at the date of the 1921 census was as follows:—Age-group 0-10, 103·0; 10-20, 102·3; 20-40, 92·5; 40-60, 97·0; 60-80, 94·0; and 80 and over, 78·0. The ratios for certain age groups in the census years 1891, 1901, and 1911 are given in the *Year-Book* for 1915-16, also the proportions existing between males and females at the census of 1911 in other parts of Australasia and England and Wales.

The following table shows the area in acres and the Greater enumerated population at the census of 1921 of the various municipalities of Greater Melbourne, also the number of persons to the acre in these municipalities and the estimated population at the end of 1923:—

POPULATION, ETC., OF GREATER MELBOURNE AT CENSUS OF 1921, AND 31st DECEMBER, 1923.

Sub-District,		Area in Acres.	Enumerated Population at the Census of 1921.	Estimated Population, 31st Dec., 1923.	Persons to the Acre, 31st Dec., 1923.
Melbourne City		7,555	103,251	103,600	13.7
Fitzroy City		923	34,938	34,850	37.8
Collingwood City		1,139	34,239	34,200	30.0
Richmond City		1,430	43,171	43,550	30.5
Brunswick City		2,719	44,484	47,170	17.3
Northcote City	• •	2,850	30,519	33,920	11.9
Prahran City		2,320	50,290	51,000	22· 0
South Melbourne City		2,303	46,873	47,100	20.5
Port Melbourne City		2,366	13,089	13,150	5.6
St. Kilda City		2,049	38,579	40,500	19.8
Brighton City		3,308	21,235	24,470	7.4
Essendon City		4,000	35,269	37,960	$9 \cdot 5$
Hawthorn City		2,400	29,165	30,810	12.8
Kew City		3,553	17,382	20,400	$5 \cdot 7$
Footscray City		3,982	33,775	40,000	10.0
Williamstown City		2,775	19,442	20,570	$7 \cdot 4$
Oakleigh Town		2,658	6,076	7,100	$2 \cdot 7$
Caulfield City		5,600	40,693	52,490	$9 \cdot 4$
Malvern City		4,000	32,306	40,850	10.2
Camberwell City		8,320	23,835	29,170	$3 \cdot 5$
Preston Town		8,800	9,670	12,050	1.4
Coburg City		4,800	18,114	25,000	$5 \cdot 2$
Sandringham City		3,740	11,316	15,000	4.0
Remainder of District		79,776	40,557	43,230	•5
Shipping in Hobson's Bay a	nd River		4,711	4,710	••
Total, including Shipp	ing	163,366	782,979	852,850	5.2*

^{*} In making this calculation persons in ships were excluded from the total population.

NOTE.—Sandringham was proclaimed a city on 20th March, 1923, and Oakleigh a town on 19th February, 1924.

Fitzroy is the most thickly populated municipality, with about 38 persons to the acre; Collingwood and Richmond have 30; Prahran, 22; South Melbourne, 20; St. Kilda City, 20; Brunswick, 17; and Melbourne City 14 persons. There are large areas devoted to parks, gardens, and other reserves in many of the municipalities, so that the population is really living closer together than the figures in the table indicate. Melbourne City contains 1,969

acres of such reserves; Kew, 643; South Melbourne, 497; Williamstown, 446; Caulfield, 305; St. Kilda, 298; Richmond, 227; and Brighton, 193 acres. There are smaller areas in other districts, but they do not appreciably affect the question of density of population. The total area of all the reserves is $6.212\frac{1}{2}$ acres; if these be excluded, the number of persons to the acre in the places named will be as follows:—Richmond, 36; South Melbourne, 26; St. Kilda, 23; Melbourne City, 19; Caulfield, 10; Williamstown, 9; Brighton, 8; and Kew, 7.

In the following return Victoria is shown in three divisions, the first being the Metropolitan (Greater Melbourne) District, or the area extending in all directions for a distance of 10 miles from the centre of the city; the second, the other urban districts, outside the limits of Greater Melbourne; and the third, the remaining portions of the State, which are termed "rural districts." The second division includes not only all existing cities, towns and boroughs, but also the larger towns in shires. The population of each of these divisions at the end of 1923, the ratio of its population to that of the whole State, and the number of persons to the square mile were as follows:—

URBAN AND RURAL POPULATION, 1923.

			Estimated	Estimated Population, 31st Decr., 1923.				
Divisions.			Area in Square Miles.	Total.	Proportion per cent.	Persons to the Sq. Mile.		
Metropolitan Other Urban				852,850 214,501	52·47 13·20	3,344 570		
Total Urban ,, Rural	••	•••	631 87,253	1,067,351 558,029	65·67 34·33	1,692 6·4		
Total,	Victoria		87,884	1,625,380	100.00	18.5		

Proportion of the urban is much greater than the rural population, and the population of the metropolis alone is about $52\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. of that of the whole State. The results of each census (except that of 1901), after the census of 1861, showed an increase in the proportion of the total population resident in the metropolitan area. The marked nature of this increase will be apparent from the following statement:—

PROPORTION OF POPULATION OF GREATER MELBOURNE TO THAT OF THE WHOLE OF VICTORIA.

Year.	Per cent.	Year.	Per cent.
1861 (Census)	 $25 \cdot 9$	1901 (Census)	 41.3
1871 ,,	 28.9	1911 ,,	 45·1
1881 "	 $32 \cdot 8$	1921 ,,	 51 · 1
1891 ,,	 43.0	1923 (Estimated)	 $52 \cdot 5$

The next return gives the population of the municipal districts in Greater Melbourne at the last three census dates. There was a slight falling-off in the cities of Melbourne and Port Melbourne between 1911 and 1921, but in all other districts there were increases during each decennial period. The most remarkable of these increases was in the City of Caulfield, where the population was enumerated as 9,541 in 1901 and 40,693 in 1921. Northcote, Malvern, and Camberwell also made great progress in the twenty-year period, their respective populations being trebled.

RETURN SHOWING THE POPULATION OF GREATER MELBOURNE IN 1901, 1911, AND 1921.

Municipal Di	strict.		Popula	Population at the Census of—			
				1901.	1911.	1921.	
N• • •							
lities—				0= 440	100 700	100.071	
Melbourne	• •	• • .	• •	97,440	103,593	103,251	
Fitzroy	• •	• •	• •	31,687	34,283	34,938	
Collingwood	• •	• •	• •	32,749	34,190	34,239	
Richmond			٠.	37,824	40,442	43,171	
Brunswick	• •	• •		24,141	32,215	44,484	
Northcote			٠.	9,677	17,519	30,519	
Prahran		• •		40,441	45,367	50,290	
South Melbourne				40,619	46,190	46,873	
Port Melbourne			٠.	12,176	13,515	13,089	
St. Kilda			٠.	20,542	25,334	38,579	
Brighton			٠.	10,047	12,083	21,235	
Essendon				17,426	23,749	35,269	
Hawthorn				21,430	24,450	29,165	
Kew				9,469	11,152	17,382	
Footscray				18,318	23,643	33,775	
Williamstown	• ::	•		14.052	15,275	19,442	
Caulfield		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• •	9,541	15,919	40,693	
Malvern		• • •	• • •	10,619	15,969	32,306	
Camberwell	•••	••		8,602	12,551	23,835	
Coburg	••	• •	• •	6,772	9,505	18,114	
Sandringham	• •	• •	• • •	*	3,30,3	11.316	
Sandringnam	••	•.•	••			11,510	
own							
Preston		••	••	4,059	5,049	9,670	
Sorough—							
Oakleigh				1,273	2,151	6,076	
ires—				,			
Parts of Shires,	forming	remainde	or of			1	
District		,		15,445	24.873	40,557	
hipping in Hobson's I	Bay and	River	• • •	1,730	4,220	4,711	
Total				496,079	593,237	782,979	

^{*} Included with Moorabbin Shire in 1901 and 1911.

The numbers of males and females in Melbourne and suburbs at each census date from 1861 to 1921, and as Melbourne and estimated in 1923, are shown in the following statement. The proportion of males to the total population of the metropolis and the percentage of the population in the metropolitan area to that of the whole State are also given.

POPULATION OF MELBOURNE AND SUBURBS, 1861 TO 1923.

Year.	Cer	ısus Populati	Males Percentage	Proportion of Metropolitan	
	Males.	Females.	Total.	of Total Population.	to State Population.
1861	71,300	68,616	139,916	51.0	per cent. 25.9 28.9 32.8
1871	103,404	103,376	206,780	50.0	
1881	139,006	143,941	282,947	49.1	
1891	247,960	242,936	490,896	50.5 47.4	43.0
1901	235,203	260,876	496,079		41.3
1911	279,900	313,337	593,237	$\begin{array}{c} 47.2 \\ 47.3 \end{array}$	45.1
1921	370,016	412,963	782,979		51.1
1923 (estimated)	403,050	449,800	852,850	47.3	52.5

Outside Melbourne and suburbs, the most important towns in Victoria are Ballarat, comprising two municipalities; Geelong, three; Bendigo, two; and Warrnambool, Castlemaine, Mordialloc, Carrum, Wonthaggi, Mildura, Ararat, and Hamilton, one each. The populations of these, with their immediate suburbs, according to the census of 1921, and as estimated in 1923, were as follows:—

POPULATION OF CHIEF TOWNS IN VICTORIA, 1921 AND 1923.

	Name	of Town.	1921 (Census).	1923 (Estimated)	
Ballarat			 	38,500	39,960
Geelong			 	36,170	37,100
Bendigo			 	33,170	33,490
Warrnambool			 	7,739	7,950
Castlemaine			 	7,000	7,170
Mordialloc			 	5,225	6,900
Carrum				5,674	6,000
Wonthaggi			 	5,176	5,600
Mildura			 	5,100	5,550
Ararat			 '	4,653	5,500
Hamilton				5,098	5,110

The following is a list of the other towns in Victoria which contained a population of 3,000 persons or over in 1923:-

Town,	 Estimated Population in 1923.	Town.		Estimated Population in 1923.
Maryborough	 4,800	Echuca	••	3,900
Stawell	 4,600	Sale		3,880
Colac	 4,250	Camperdown		3,750
Wangaratta	 4,050	Daylesford		3,410
Horsham	 4.030	Benalla		3,320
Dandenong	 4,000	Bairnsdale		3,300
Shepparton	 4,000	Kyneton		3,210

Rates of increase of population. The average annual rates at which the population has increased (1) in the whole State, (2) in Melbourne and Suburbs, and (3) in the remainder of the State are shown hereunder:-

AVERAGE ANNUAL RATE OF INCREASE OF POPULATION IN THE WHOLE STATE, IN MELBOURNE AND SUBURBS, AND IN REMAINDER OF STATE, 1851 TO 1923.

		In Vi	ctoria.	In Melbo Subi		In Remaind	nder of State.	
Period.		Rate of Natural Increase.	Rate of Total Increase.	Rate of Natural Increase.	Rate of Total Increase.	Rate of Natural Increase.	Rate of Total Increase.	
		Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.	
1851-60		2.01	21.59	*	13.62	*	26.67	
1861-70	• • •	2.46	3.05	1.96†	3.91	2.63†	$2 \cdot 74$	
1871-80	• •	1.87	1.70	1.33	3.31	2.11	1.01	
1881-90		1.66	2.80	1.53	5.56	1.74	1.17	
1891-1900		1.47	.55	1.36	.25	1.55	.77	
1901-10		1.26	-89	1.05	1.74	1.42	.25	
1911	٠.	1.37	2.96	1.18	4.11	1.52	2.01	
1912	٠.	1.43	3.19	1.35	3.92	1.50	2.57	
1913	٠.	1.48	2 38	1.48	3.77	1.48	1.20	
1914	٠.	$1 \cdot 39$	1.40	1.39	3.08	1.40	07	
1915		1.34	- 75	1.35	1.24	1.33	-2.54	
1916		$1 \cdot 25$	-1.39	1.26	1.92	1.23	-4.48	
1917	. • •	$1 \cdot 32$	•88	1.30	2.00	1.33	- 23	
1918		1.16	1 · 42	1.13	2.05	1.19	•79	
1919	• •	85	4.5₹	•67	2.75	1.04	6.47	
1920	• •	$1 \cdot 29$	1.66	1.30	3.45	1.27	13	
1921	٠.	$1 \cdot 27$	1.49	1.26	2.35	1.28	•60	
1922	••	$1 \cdot 36$	2.55	1.30	2.73	1.43	$2 \cdot 36$	
1923	• •	1 · 17	$2 \cdot 21$	1.00	4.41	1.35	$-\cdot 12$	

Not available. Average 1862-1870.

It will be observed that the rate of natural increase (excess of births over deaths) has during all periods, except the years 1915, 1916, and 1920, been less in Melbourne than in other portions of the State, while the rate of total increase has usually been greater. It would appear from this that the metropolis has been gaining population at the expense of the country districts. The higher rate of natural increase in extrametropolitan areas is due principally to the low death rates prevailing there, and this favorable mortality can only be partially accounted for by the migration from country to town of persons in indifferent health. The light mortality in country districts shows the advantage to be derived from a large increase in the population of these portions of the State.

The small natural increase both in Melbourne and the remainder of the State in 1919 is accounted for by a heavy death rate in that year due to the existence of an epidemic of influenza. The rate of total increase in 1919 was large on account of the return to the State of soldiers, and the extra-Metropolitan districts benefited to a greater extent proportionally by their return than Melbourne and suburbs.

Population of Australia and New Zealand, 1861-1921. The following table shows the population of each Australian State and New Zealand at each census from 1861 to 1921:—

POPULATION OF THE SIX STATES OF AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND, 1861–1921.

State.	1861.	1871.	1881.	1891.	1901.	1911.	1921.
Victoria New South Wales Queensland South Australia Western Australia Tasmania	540,322 350,860 30,059 126,830 15,100 89,977	731,528 503,981 117,960 185,626 25,270 101,020	862,346 751,468 213,525 279,865 29,708 115,705	1,140,405 1,132,234 393,718 320,431 49,782 146,667	1,201,070 1,354,846 498,129 363,157 184,124 172,475		499,0271
Australia New Zealand	1,153,148 84,536	1,665,385 257,810	2,252,617 489,933	3,183,237 626,658	3,773,801 772,719		5,435,734 1,218,270

^{*} Including Federal Territory, 2,572,

Population of Australian States and New Zealand, 1923. In the next table is shown the estimated population of each Australian State (excluding aborigines) and of New Zealand at the end of 1923, also the increase of population since the census of 1921, and the number of persons to the square mile.

[†] Including Northern Territory, 3,867.

POPULATION OF EACH AUSTRALIAN STATE AND NEW ZEALAND, AT 31st DECEMBER, 1923.

State.		ted Population December, 192	Increase since Census of 1921	the Square		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	(4th April).	Mile.	
Victoria	806,546	818,834	1,625,380	94,100	18.49	
New South Wales	1,127,195	1,082,250	2,209,445	109,074	$7 \cdot 14$	
Queensland	428,312	382,856	811,168	55,196	1.21	
South Australia	265,340	259,408	524,748	29,588	1.38	
Western Australia	189,429	164,386	353,815	21,083	•36	
Tasmania	109,546	109,528	219,074	5,294	8.36	
Territories—			,			
Northern	2,527	1,028	3,555	-312	.01	
Federal	1,407	1,215	2,622	50	$2 \cdot 79$	
Australia	2,930,302	2,819,505	5,749,807	314,073	1.93	
New Zealand	657,561	631,660	1,289,221	70,951	12.45	

Particulars of the movement of population by migration and of the natural increase by excess of births over deaths are given for each State since the year 1851 on page 300 of the Year-Book for 1921–22.

The enumerated populations of Australasian capital cities during the past 52 years are shown in the following table. Melbourne during that time has made great progress, the most noticeable advance having been in the decennial period, 1881–91, when the increase of population was 73 per cent. Between 1891 and 1901 the population remained almost stationary, but in the intercensal period 1901 to 1911 there was an increase of 97,158 and in the period 1911 to 1921 an increase of 189,742 persons. Sydney, which since 1902 has been the most populous city in Australasia, had 981,400 inhabitants in 1923. These two cities contain about 32 per cent. of the population of the Common-

POPULATION OF AUSTRALASIAN CAPITAL CITIES, 1871 TO 1923.

wealth.

Capital City, (with Suburbs).	En	ated ation, Sec.,	Persons to the					
	1871.	1881.	1891.	1901.	1911.	1921.	Estimated Population, 31st Dec., 1923.	Acre, 1923.
Melbourne	206,780	282,947	490.896	496,079	593,237	782,979	852.850	5 · 22
Sydney	137,776	224,939		481,830	6 3 6,355		981,400	
Brisbane	15,029			119,428	140,977	209,699	235,687	1.21
Adelaide	42,744	103,864	133,252	162,094	191,312	255.318	278,856	1.63
Perth	*	*	*	66,832	109,375	155.129	171.859	1.97
Hobart	26,004	27,248	33,450	34,604	40,335	52,385	55,243	1.18
Wellington	7,908	20,563	34,190		70,729		114,510	

^{*} Not available.

Oensity of population in capital cities.

It will be noticed that the population of Sydney is more concentrated than that of any other metropolitan city, the population of Melbourne being spread over about one and a half times the corresponding area. In Adelaide and Perth there is less than two persons, and in Brisbane and Hobart about one person, to the acre.

A list of cities in the British Empire which had a population exceeding 300,000 was given in the Year-Book for 1920-21, page 335.

Chinese and Aborigines in Victoria.

In the subjoined table is given the population of Victoria at each of the last seven census enumerations, Chinese and Aborigines being distinguished.

POPULATION OF VICTORIA, DISTINGUISHING CHINESE AND ABORIGINES. AT SEVEN CENSUS PERIODS.

Year of	The state of the s				Chinese.		Aborigines.			
Census.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females	Persons.	Males.	Females	
1861	540,322	328,651	211,671	24,732	24,724	8	1,694	1,046	648	
1871	731,528	401,050	330,478	17,935	17,899	36	1,330	784	546	
1881	862,346	452,083	410,263	12,128	11,869	259	780	460	320	
1891	1,140,405	598,414	541,991	9,377	8,772	605	565	325	240	
1901	1,201,341	603,883	597,458	7,349	6,740	609	652	367	285	
1911	1,315,747	655,694	660,053	5,601	4,956	645	643	340	303	
1921	1,531,424	754,804	776,620	4,179	3,433	746	586	279	307	

Note.—The population of the State at each census date since 1861, which appears in the above table and in the table on page 104 includes full-blood aboriginals. When comparisons are made elsewhere in this part with the populations at these census dates, the aboriginals referred to are not included.

During each of the five years ended 1923 the number of Chinese who left Victoria was greater than the number who entered the State. The net decrease in the Chinese population in the last five years by excess of emigration over immigration was 795. The figures for each year are as follows:—

CHINESE IMMIGRATION AND EMIGRATION, 1919 TO 1923.

	Ye	ar.		Immigrants.	Emigrants.	Excess of— Arrivals (+), Departures (-).
1919 1920 1921 1922 1923	••		••	187 300 315 346 462	408 410 591 509 487	- 221 - 110 - 276 - 163 - 25
	Total		•	1,610	2,405	- 795

Decrease of Aborigines.

At the first colonization of Victoria the Aborigines were officially estimated to number about 5,000, but according to other and apparently more reliable estimates they numbered at that time not less than 15,000. When the colony was separated from New South Wales the number was officially stated to At the 1921 census there were enumerated 586 Aborigines, consisting of 144 of pure blood and 442 half-castes. censuses of 1911 and 1921 there was a decrease of 57, the reduction in the pure race being 51 and, in the half-castes, 6. These figures indicate that the race is gradually but surely dying out. records of the Aborigines Board it would appear that most of the natives are under the care of that body, the numbers in the different stations being as under :-

NUMBER OF ABORIGINES UNDER CARE AT STATIONS IN VICTORIA, 1922-23.

	Stat	ion.		 Aborigines.	Three- quarter and Half-castes.	Total.
					- A	
Coranderrk				 1	26	27
Lake Condah				 4	25	29
Lake Tyers				 57	154	211
Framlingham				 1	40	41
Antwerp				 2		2
Swan Hill				 4	1 1	5
Other Dépôts				 7	10	17
In Institutions				 	3	3
In Service		• •	• • •	 2		2
	Total			 78	259	337*

^{*} Including all who received intermittent rations during the year.

In addition to the above there are 37 half-castes at Antwerp and Cove Dam whom it is proposed to transfer to Lake Tyers under a concentration scheme.

Of the Aborigines not enumerated in the table, some are residing elsewhere than at the stations, but receive supplies of food and clothing when they call; while others prefer to lead a wandering life and but rarely come under the notice of the Board.

During the year 1922-23, 16 deaths occurred—12 at Lake Tyers, 1 at Framlingham, and 3 at Coranderrk. There were 12 births—9 at Lake Tvers, and 3 at Coranderrk. The births recorded were all halfcastes, while, of the deaths, 6 were those of full-blood Aboriginals, and 10 of half-castes.

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The amount expended on the maintenance of Aborigines during the year was £7,010. The following statement shows the net cost of Aborigines in Victoria (including cost of administration) from 1851 to 1923:—

Amount expen	ded				• •	• •		£427,060
Revenue from	stations	paid	into	the	Consolidated	Revenue	••	15,164*
Net cost	••				•	••		£411,896

^{*} This includes a sum of £1,994 paid into a Trust Fund in the Treasury.

With a view to restricting the immigration of Asiatics Immigration and other coloured persons the Commonwealth Parliament 1 m migration passed the Immigration Restriction Act in 1901, which of coloured persons, 1901 to 1923. provides that any person, who, when asked to do so by a public officer, fails to write out from dictation and sign in the presence of the officer a passage of fifty words in any prescribed language, is prohibited from landing in Australia. Certificates of exemption are granted in certain cases, and members of the military and naval forces, as well as the master and crew of any public vessel of any government, are excepted. The Act appears to have achieved its purpose, judging by the small number of coloured persons who have been admitted into the Commonwealth since it commenced to operate. The following are the numbers of coloured persons, other than Chinese, who have entered or left Victoria since 1st April, 1901:-

IMMIGRATION AND EMIGRATION OF COLOURED PERSONS (OTHER THAN CHINESE) FROM 1st APRIL, 1901, TO 31st DECEMBER, 1923.

		Year.			Immigrants.	Emigrants.	Excess of— Arrivals (+) Departures (-)
From 1s	t April,	1901, to	31st Dec.,	1905	1,118	1,311	- 193
1906-10					382	495	- 113
1911–15					491	406	+ 85
1916`					80	92	_ 12
1917					67	208	141
1918					-52	46	+ 6
1919					46	151	- 105
1920					59	86	- 27
1921					70	64	+ 6
1922	• •				65	47	+ 18
1923	• •	••	••		76	64	+ 12
	4.	Total			2,506	2,970	– 464

The number of coloured persons in Victoria was ascerpersons in victoria was ascertained at the census of 1921. Chinese were found to number 4,179, and other coloured persons 1,932—a total of 6.111, as compared with 7,631 at the previous census in 1911. The figures for the different races are given below:—

NUMBER OF PERSONS OF COLOURED RACES (EXCLUSIVE OF FULL-BLOOD ABORIGINES) IN VICTORIA AT THE CENSUS OF 1921.

				OF.	1921.				
			.	Mal	es.	Fem	ales.	Tot	al.
	Race.			Full- blood.	Half- caste.	Full- blood.	Half- caste.	Ful!- blood.	Half- caste.
			-,						
Asiatic—									
Chinese	••	••		2,918	515	244	502	3,162	1,017
Hindus	••	••	, • •	431	62	15	50	446	112
Japanese	·	••		37	12	13	12	50	24
Syrians	••	. • •.		292	20	240	31	532	51
Cingales	e	••		19	9	2	4	21	13
Other	••	••		55	14	23	9	78	23
African—									
Negroes	••	• •		11	24		12	11	36
Other	••	••	•••	3	3	1	.1	4	4
American	-								
America	n Indians	3		1	••		3	1	3
Other	••	••	••	8	8	1	9	9	17
Polynesian	s			į					
Maoris		••	••	2	. 3	1	2	3	5
Other	••	• •	••	7	9	1	8	8	17
Australian	Aborigin	als (H.C	s)		199		243		442
Indefinite	••	••		14		7	••	21	••
Total	••	٠.,		3,798	879	548	886	4,346	1,765

Under the "Commonwealth Naturalization Act No. 11 Naturalization of 1903," the right to issue certificates of naturalization was taken from the States, and vested in the Commonwealth. This Act came into force on 1st January, 1904. An epitome of its principal provisions is given in the Year-Book for 1920-21, page 340.

The number of persons naturalized in Victoria in the year 1923 was 145; in the fifty-three years, 1871 to 1923 inclusive, it was 15,598.